## DaimlerChrysler AG

## Patent claims

- 5 1. A method for operating a compression-ignition internal combustion engine having a cylinder, in which a combustion chamber is delimited between a piston and a cylinder head, an engine control device and a fuel feed device, in which method:
- a quantity of fuel is metered in as a function of the operating point during a working cycle, characterized in that
  - the quantity of fuel which is metered in is injected into the combustion chamber in such a manner that
  - a position of the combustion center of gravity is at a defined crank angle position independently of the operating point of the internal combustion engine.

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- The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that a current position of the combustion center of gravity is determined as a function of a recorded pressure profile in the combustion chamber, the pressure profile in the combustion chamber preferably being recorded by means of a sensor.
- 3. The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the current position of the combustion center of gravity is determined as a function of a crank angle position at which a maximum cylinder pressure is recorded in the combustion chamber.

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4. The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the current position of the combustion center of gravity is determined as a function of a fuel

injection duration, the start of fuel injection, a charge mass in the combustion chamber and the speed of the internal combustion engine.

5 5. The method as claimed in one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that an exhaust gas recirculation quantity for setting a defined oxygen concentration in the combustion chamber is set as a function of the combustion center of gravity.

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6. The method as claimed in one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that the position of the combustion center of gravity is set by varying the start of the compression ignition or by varying the fuel injection.